# Silicon RECTIFIER

## 2400 Volts 1000 Amps Avg.

The A540 Series of high power rectifier diodes feature the newly developed, multi-diffusion technology in a new General Electric pressure-mounted package.

#### **FEATURES:**

- · High Current, High Voltage
- Pressure Contacts
- Glazed Ceramic Package with 1" Creepage Path
- · Reversibility (eliminates need for special reverse polarity units)
- Hermetic Seal
- · Availabile in Factory Assembled Heat Exchangers or Ready-to-Mount

IMPORTANT: Mounting instructions on the last page of the C501 specification must be followed.



#### MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE RATINGS

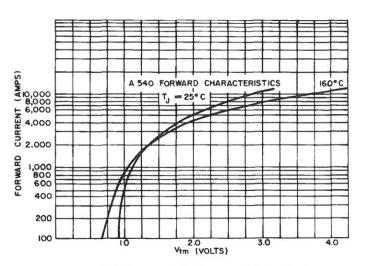
TYPE	REPETITIVE PEAK REVERSE VOLTAGE, V <sub>RRM</sub> T <sub>J</sub> = -40°C to +185°C	NON-REPETITIVE REVERSE VOLTAGE, V <sub>RSM</sub> T <sub>J</sub> = 0°C to +185°C	V <sub>RRM</sub> / V <sub>RSM</sub> T <sub>J</sub> = 185°C to 200°C	
• A540LD • 2400 Voits		• 2500 Volts	• 2000 Volts	
A540LC	2300	2400	1950	
A540LB	2200	2300	1850	
A540LA	2100	2200	1750	
A540L	2000	2100	1700	

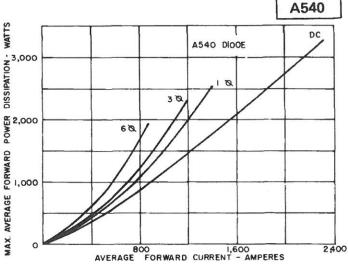
Lower voltages available - consult factory.

Average Forward Current
Peak One-Cycle Surge Current
Minimum I <sup>2</sup> t Rating (for times ≥ 1.5 msec)
Minimum I <sup>2</sup> t Rating (at 8.3 msec)
Maximum Forward Voltage Drop (T <sub>C</sub> = 160°C Case Temperature, 1000 Amps. Peak)
Peak Reverse Leakage Current ( $T_J = 200^{\circ}$ C, $V = Rated V_{RRM}$ )
Maximum Thermal Resistance, R <sub>\theta JS</sub> (Double-Side Cooling)
Storage Temperature, T <sub>STG</sub>
Operating Junction Temperature, T <sub>J</sub> 40°C to +200°C
Mounting Force Required
$9.8 \text{ KN} \pm 10\%$

#### NOTES:

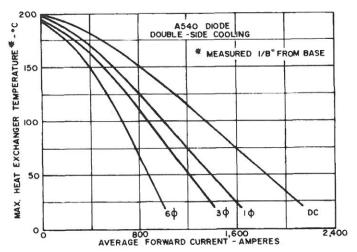
- Assumes a heatsink thermal resistance of less than 1.1°C/watt.
- 2 Non-recurrent voltage and current ratings, as contrasted to repetitive ratings which apply for occasional or unpredictable overloads. For example, the forward surge current ratings are non-recurrent ratings that are used in fault coordination work.



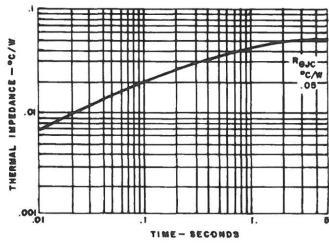


1. MAXIMUM ON-STATE CHARACTERISTICS

2. AVERAGE FORWARD POWER DISSIPATION VERSUS AVERAGE FORWARD CURRENT



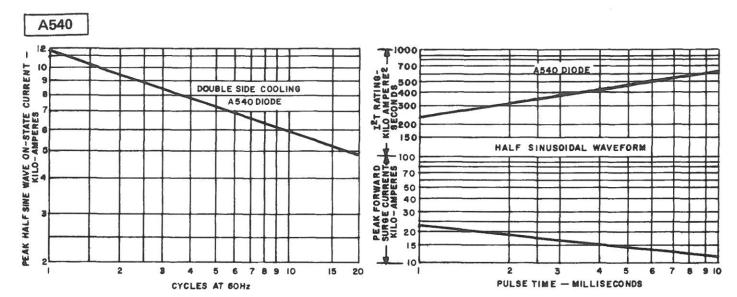
3. MAXIMUM HEAT EXCHANGER TEMPERATURE VERSUS AVERAGE FORWARD CURRENT FOR DOUBLE-SIDE COOLING



NOTES:

- Power "D" adds .01°C/W to account for both case to dissipator interfaces, when properly mounted; e.g., Rθ<sub>JS</sub> = .06°C/W. See Mounting Instructions.
- DC Thermal Impedance is based on average full cycle junction temperature. Instantaneous junction temperature may be calculated using the following modifications.
  - · end of conducting portion of cycle
    - 120° sq. wave add .0065°C/W along entire curve
    - 180° sq, wave add ,0047°C/W along entire curve
    - 180° sine wave add .0026 °C/W along entire curve
  - end of full cycle
    - any wave, subtract .0026°C/W along entire curve

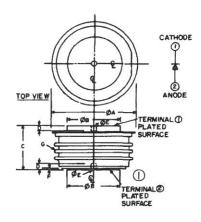
4. TRANSIENT THERMAL IMPEDANCE — JUNCTION-TO-CASE



5. MAXIMUM SURGE CURRENT FOLLOWING RATED LOAD CONDITIONS

6. SUBCYCLE PEAK SURGE FORWARD CURRENT AND I<sup>2</sup>t RATING FOLLOWING RATED LOAD CONDITIONS

### **OUTLINE DRAWING**



NOTE: I.GLAZED CERAMIC INSULATOR WITH I.OO INCH MIN. SURFACE CREEPAGE (25.40 mm)

SYMBOL	INCHES		MILLIMETERS		
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	NOTE
ØΑ	-	2.000	-	50.80	
Фв	1.240	1.260	31.50	3200	
С	1.000	I.D60	25.40	26.92	
D	.0B0	-	2.03	-	
ØE	0.136	0.146	3.45	3.71	
F	.034		D.86	_	
G					1